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### How to Get Started: Your First Study

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### Disclosures

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- Abbott Immunology—research funding
- Hoffman LaRoche—consulting

## Learning Objectives

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- Learn what questions to ask yourself before starting your first study
- Understand the importance of surrounding yourself with the people that you need to perform research
- Be aware the resources needed to be able to complete your study



### Pediatric GI Fellows Self-Assessed Confidence in Research and Teaching

- Felt more prepared for clinical work then for a career in research
- Felt more confident in their teaching skills than their research skills (P<0.0001)</li>
- Felt they were at the "beginner" stage for writing grants, designing research protocols and conducting research projects

Qualia CM et al, J Pediatr Gastroenterol Nutr 2008

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### Questions to Ask About Your Study Before You Start

- 1. Am I studying an area that I am passionate about?
- 2. Is my question important and do I have a hypothesis?
- 3. Is my study able to be completed in a (relatively) short time period?
- 4. Will the results be publishable (in a good journal)?
- 5. Will this study help me achieve funding for future research?

### Questions to Ask About You and Your Environment Before Starting Your Study

1. Do I have the necessary knowledge?

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- 2. Do I have the right team surrounding me?
- 3. Do I have the necessary resources?

# Do I have the necessary knowledge?

- Read, read, read!
  - Focus on high quality journals
  - Schedule a specific time
- Consider writing a review or case series
- Agree to be a peer reviewer for articles
- Attend meetings/conferences
- Consider taking writing skills classes
- Follow patients with diagnoses aligned to your research interests





# Identify a Team of Mentors

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- Mentorship is critical in academic medicine
  - Increases career success and happiness
  - Increases likelihood of greater research productivity, publishing
  - Provides access to a wider network
    Helps with academic advancement

# Other Team Members Besides Your Mentors

- Technicians
- Research coordinators
- Colleagues
- Biostatisticians/epidemiologists/ informatics specialists
- Investigators at other institutions







# Protected Time Research will not be successful without protected time 75-80% protected time for laboratory based individuals 50% for clinical investigators if research involves patients they see in their clinical practice

# Research Costs Money

• Supporting effort of individuals involved in the study

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- Laboratory space
  - Supplies
  - Equipment
- Databases
- Processing of biospecimens
- Indirect costs





# Do Not Be Discouraged with **A**MERICAN STREET

- Experiments that do not work
- Clinical studies that do not have the expected "positive" results
- Failed grant applications
- Rejected papers
- "Scooped" research



# Take Home Tips for GettingStarted with Your First Study

• Choose a topic that is interesting to you

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- Enhance your content knowledge and acquire additional training
- Identify the people, time and resources needed for your study